# STATE STREET GLOBAL ADVISORS

# So, You're Thinking About Outsourcing...

- Investment programs, large and small, have shifted to an outsourcing model to help with increasing investment and resource pressures while improving fiduciary governance and oversight.
- Once a decision to outsource has been made, it's critical to know the right questions to ask to ensure successful partnering so the organization becomes a seamless extension of staff
- While performance is important, it is only one aspect of outsourcing.
   Fiduciary and regulatory oversight, robust decision making and minimizing execution risks are also competencies essential to successful outcomes.
- It is important to identify an outsourcing provider whose culture and servicing model is well aligned with that of the client.



Carrie Peluso, CFA
Head of Client Engagement
Global Fiduciary Solutions

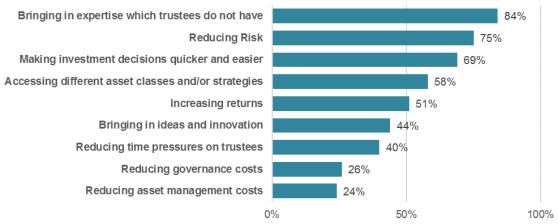


Figure 1.

Reasons for Using an Outsourced Provider

Source: CMA survey

The role of asset owners (e.g. Pension Plans, Endowments and Foundations) has become increasingly difficult. For teams where staff is limited or those with cost pressures that restrict acquiring adequate monitoring systems, the pressures of increased regulatory, market volatility and extensive oversight responsibilities, the challenges compound.

In addition, institutions already stretched from a lack of resources or tools are investing in a wider number of asset classes as they seek better returns. Some of these are quite complex and require more oversight than traditional asset classes. As this becomes apparent, many are considering shifting to an outsourcing model to improve both investment decisions and risk management.

## The Complexities Facing Asset Owners

While all asset mandates have their unique complexities, pensions can be particularly challenging. Pension management differs from traditional investment management in that there are multi-dimensional risks and considerations. Unlike traditional asset portfolios, the assets for a pension are used to offset increases and decreases to the corresponding liability owed to the pensioners. An understanding of the liability, including the interpretation of asset liability studies, is critical prior to setting strategic asset allocation and glide path design. These skills often fall outside of traditional plan sponsor roles, which are typically finance or HR. In these cases, delegating pension responsibilities can free up time to work on core business objectives, while improving fiduciary oversight, which the experts can provide.

Endowments have unique challenges as well. Many have high return targets driven by their desire to deliver on spending commitments, maintaining and ideally growing, the corpus on a real return basis. The return hurdle rate can be particularly challenging in a low return environment. Return objectives, coupled with the longer time horizon of an endowment, often results in a meaningful allocation to private market assets, like private equity and real estate, which require specialized knowledge and expertise to invest effectively. In addition, sophisticated modeling capabilities are required to ensure spending policies can be analyzed to construct a portfolio that will produce optimal risk adjusted returns while meeting liquidity requirements.

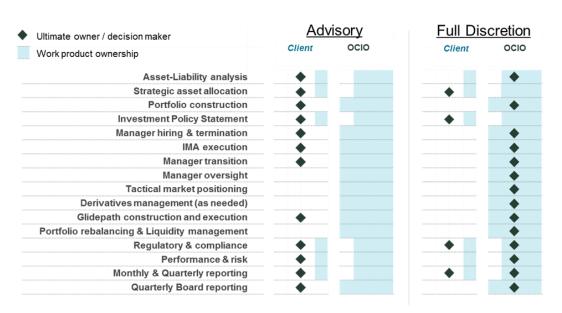
Healthcare companies typically have a variety of asset pools and plan types that each have unique goals. This drives the need for expertise across a broad set of asset classes and significant resources to ensure proper governance. In addition, there have been shifts in the market and regulatory environment, which can be challenging to navigate. There has also been substantial merger and acquisition activity in the industry. For companies that are actively involved, this added dimension needs to be incorporated into planning the portfolio's liquidity requirements.

#### **Outsourcing Models**

Once an asset owner is considering the move to an outsourcing model, there are several decisions that they will need to make. One of the first things to determine is the extent that they would like to outsource. Outsourcing comes in a multitude of degrees and they will need to decide what is important for them to retain and where they may need additional help. The chart below is an example showing several of the responsibilities required to manage a pension fund. In the advisory model, the plan sponsor retains much of the ultimate decision making while delegating the work product to an outsourced manager. The full discretion model is at the other end of the spectrum and shifts much of the ultimate decision making to the outsourced manager.

In all cases, the plan sponsor retains ultimate responsibility for approving the strategic asset allocation and investment policy statement, as well as some of the reporting and regulatory monitoring. Asset owners should seek an outsourcing provider that allows them to customize the extent they are willing to delegate. Often this can fall somewhere in between advisory and full discretion. Some investors outsource "sleeves" of their portfolio where they may lack resources or expertise. This can make sense if a team loses a resource or decides to invest in a new asset class or strategy, such as private equity or real estate, which require specialized expertise.

Figure 2. Outsourcing Models



Source: State Street Global Advisors

#### **Client Engagement Model**

Client servicing models vary widely across different providers. Prior to outsourcing, consideration should be given to the level of service the asset owners as clients will expect. For those that want a high touch solution, it is important to ensure that aligns with the provider's business model. Noting the average number of accounts per relationship manager is a good first step. In addition, becoming familiar with the background of the specific team members assigned to your account is useful in determining the success of the partnering model. In a successful engagement, the client relationship person should be the direct link to the rest of the outsourcing team and ultimately feel like an extension of staff. It's key that they understand both the objectives and constraints of the client as well as the inner workings of the entire outsourcing organization. It is often beneficial if the relationship manager has worked at plan sponsor, endowment or foundation so they can better relate to the issues and constraints of their clients. Their experience as practitioners can be applied to today's problems to navigate towards better solutions.

In addition to traditional investment responsibilities, there are typically a multitude of projects that are done periodically. Trustees and boards often need education to get up to speed on investment frameworks or asset classes. For corporate pension plans, mergers and divestitures can be particularly complex when private market assets are involved. There are also typically ad hoc questions from boards. At the onset, it is important to know if your provider will be willing to perform these services and at what cost. Many providers only include basic services in their fees and bill on a project basis thereafter. Using a provider that includes all services in their fees, ensures the outsourcing team is used as an extension of staff without further consideration.

Figure 3. Client Engagement Model

### Plan Sponsor

Client Executive				
Strategic Management		Client Work	Investment Management	
Strategic Asset Allocation and implementation	Asset Liability Analysis	IMA and IPS support and execution	Portfolio Construction	Investment manager oversight, searches and transitioning
Glide Path design & implementation	Investment Policy Statement& IMA review	Trustee education and projects as needed	Market Positioning (Tactical)	Portfolio rebalancing & liquidity management
Project Analysis	Work with consultants and actuaries	Performance and risk reporting	Hedging Strategies	Alternative Investments

Source: State Street Global Advisors

#### **Outsourcing Providers**

When searching for an outsourcing partner, asset owners will find there are different provider types with varying benefits to each. One notable difference is between consultant model and asset manager model. Most are familiar with consultants and may have used them for advisory services, so it could seem logical to use them when shifting towards a delegated solution. However, there are a few things to consider before doing so. Asset managers, as investors managing the portfolio in real time, can potentially save client's money by providing services that a consultant might have to outsource. Transition management, liability interest rate hedging overlays or tactical asset allocation can all be part of the delegated relationship which can save the client investment management fees. Asset managers also have the capabilities to take advantage of market dislocations or make adjustments to risk positions to reduce risk to the sponsors' portfolio, like applying currency hedges or equity overlay strategies to mitigate downside risk. Having the ability to tilt the strategic asset allocation can also provide an additional source of alpha, which is often diversifying to the excess returns of tradition asset managers.

Outsourcing partners can also have expertise outside of the United States. Large multinational corporations increasingly use these services to help with the complex regulatory and governance issues across their non-US plans. This can result in a significant improvement of fiduciary oversight as regional experts help navigate through the complexity. Despite the unique attributes each country may have, outsourcing can also bring a relatively consistent investment oversight framework across geographies.

Regardless of model or expertise, outsourcing providers should have strong risk management and governance embedded in their process. It should be clear how decisions are made and show consistency across clients. They should demonstrate fully integrated risk management systems to highlight the risks across the portfolio and demonstrate their ability to respond quickly to changing market conditions.

#### Conclusion

The investment landscape is challenging and requires a significant amount of resources and expertise to manage effectively. Outsourcing, fully or partially, can often help ease this burden, while improving outcomes in a cost efficient manner. It's important to ask the right questions up front, to ensure a solid and successful working relationship.

#### Expertise

- •What is the background and experience of the team I'm hiring?
- How long have they been offering outsourcing services?
- •Can they handle changing regulatory and compliance oversight?
- ·Have they worked with non-US clients?
- •Will they meet my servicing requirements?

#### Investing

- •Will they limit my investment options?
- •Can they adapt to changes in market conditions?
- •Is there private markets expertise?
- ·How will they measure success?

#### Cost

- Are the fees reasonable?
- Will they include all services?
- •Is there transparency?
- •Will I benefit from scale?

The breadth of outsourcing services can vary greatly, from simplistic to more sophisticated investment structures and approaches. With the wide range of offerings and different types of firms providing delegated investment services, it is critical to find a provider that can help achieve objectives with fees you can trust and understand. Finding the right outsourcing provider can entail some legwork, but results in the benefit of professional oversight with improved governance. Clients who use an outsourcing partner essentially expand the breadth and expertise of their team while freeing themselves up to focus on their core business objectives.

## About State Street Global Fiduciary Solutions

State Street Global Advisors' team is one of the most seasoned and long-standing outsourced investment management providers in the industry. We have been managing client portfolios as fiduciaries for more than 25 years. Today we manage over \$120 billion in Outsourced CIO assets, making us one of the leading providers of this service to the Institutional marketplace. Our client base covers a range of circumstances, with no two looking the same. We work with endowments, foundations, hospital systems, insurers and pension plans of varying size. For more information, contact us.

Assets under management as of June 30, 2019

#### Marketing communication State Street Global Advisors Worldwide Entities

Limited, Middle East Branch, 42801, 28, Al Khatem Tower, Abu Dhabi Global Market Square, Al Maryah Island, Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates. Regulated by ADGM Financial Services Regulatory Authority. Telephone: +971 2 245 9000. Australia: State Street Global Advisors, Australia, Limited (ABN 42 003 914 225) is the holder of an Australian Financial Services Licence (AFSL Number 238276). Registered office: Level 17, 420 George Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia T: +612 9240-7600. F: +612 9240-7611. Belgium: State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited Brussels Branch, Chaussée de La Hulpe 120, 1000 Brussels, Belgium, T: 32 2 663 2036, F: 32 2 672 2077. is a branch of State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, registered in Ireland with company number 145221, authorised and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland, and whose registered office is at 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2. Canada: State Street Global Advisors, Ltd., 1981 McGill College Avenue, Suite 500, Montreal, Quebec, H3A 3A8, T: +514 282 2400 and 30 Adelaide Street East Suite 500, Toronto, Ontario M5C 3G6. T: +647 775 5900. Dubai: State Street Global Advisors Limited, DIFC Branch, Central Park Towers, Suite 15-38 (15th floor), P.O Box 26838, Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC), Dubai, United Arab Emirates. Regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority (DFSA). Telephone: +971 (0)4-4372800, Facsimile: +971 (0)4-4372818. France: State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, Paris branch is a branch of State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, registered in Ireland with company number 145221, authorised and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland, and whose registered office is at 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2. State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, Paris Branch, is registered in France with company number RCS Nanterre 832 734 602 and whose office is at Immeuble Défense Plaza, 23-25 rue Delarivière-Lefoullon, 92064 Paris La Défense Cedex, France. T: (+33) 1 44 45 40 00. F: (+33) 1 44 45 41 92. Germany: State Street Global Advisors GmbH, Brienner Strasse 59, D-80333 Munich. Authorised and regulated by the Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht ("BaFin"). Registered with the Register of Commerce Munich HRB 121381. T: +49 (0)89-55878-400.

F: +49 (0)89-55878-440. Hong Kong: State Street Global Advisors Asia Limited, 68/F. Two International Finance Centre, 8 Finance Street, Central, Hong Kong. T: +852 2103-0288. F: +852 2103-0200. Ireland: State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited is regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. Registered office address 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2. Registered Number: 145221. T: +353 (0)1 776 3000. F: +353 (0)1 776 3300. Italy: State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, Milan Branch (Sede Secondaria di Milano) is a branch of State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, registered in Ireland with company number 145221 authorised and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland, and whose registered office is at 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2. State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, Milan Branch (Sede Secondaria di Milano), is registered in Italy with company number 10495250960 - R.E.A. 2535585 and VAT number 10495250960 and whose office is at Via dei Bossi, 4 - 20121 Milano, Italy. T: 39 02 32066 100. F: 39 02 32066 155. Japan: State Street Global Advisors (Japan) Co., Ltd., Toranomon Hills Mori Tower 25F 1-23-1 Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-6325 Japan. T: +81-3-4530-7380. Financial Instruments Business Operator, Kanto Local Financial Bureau (Kinsho #345), Membership: Japan Investment Advisers Association. The Investment Trust Association, Japan, Japan Securities Dealers' Association. Netherlands: State Street Global Advisors Netherlands, Apollo Building, 7th floor Herikerbergweg 29 1101 CN Amsterdam, Netherlands. T: +31 20 7181701. is a branch of State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, registered in Ireland with company number 145221, authorised and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland, and whose registered office is at 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2. Singapore: State Street Global Advisors Singapore Limited, 168, Robinson Road, #33-01 Capital Tower, Singapore 068912 (Company Reg. No: 200002719D, regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore). T: +65 6826-7555. F: +65 6826-7501. Switzerland: State Street Global Advisors AG, Beethovenstr. 19, CH-8027 Zurich. Authorised and regulated by the Eidgenössische Finanzmarktaufsicht ("FINMA"). Registered with the Register of Commerce Zurich CHE-105.078.458. T: +41 (0)44 245 70 00. F: +41 (0)44 245 70 16. United Kingdom: State Street Global Advisors Limited, Authorised

and regulated by the Financial Conduct

Authority. Registered in England. Registered No. 2509928. VAT No. 5776591 81. Registered office: 20 Churchill Place, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5HJ. T: 020 3395 6000. F: 020 3395 6350. **United States:** State Street Global Advisors, 1 Iron Street, Boston, MA 02210-1641.

For use in Australia. Issued by State Street Global Advisors, Australia, Limited (AFSL Number 238276, ABN 42 003 914 225) ("SSGA Australia"). Registered office: Level 17, 420 George Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia T: +612 9240 7600 Web: ssga.com. This communication is directed at institutional and wholesale clients only. The products and services to which this communication relates are only available to such persons and persons of any other description (including retail clients) are not entitled to rely on this communication.

For use in EMEA. The information contained in this communication is not a research recommendation or 'investment research' and is classified as a 'Marketing Communication' in accordance with the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007. This means that this marketing communication (a) has not been prepared in accordance with legal requirements designed to promote the independence of investment research (b) is not subject to any prohibition on dealing ahead of the dissemination of investment research. The information provided does not constitute investment advice as such term is defined under the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (2004/39/EC) and it should not be relied on as such. This communication is directed at professional clients (this includes eligible counterparties) who are deemed both knowledgeable and experienced in matters relating to investments. The products and services to which this communication relates are only available to such persons and persons of any other description (including retail clients) should not rely on this communication.

For use in Switzerland. The information provided does not constitute investment advice as such term is defined under applicable Swiss regulation and it should not be relied on as such.

#### Important Risk Information

The information provided does not constitute investment advice and it should not be relied on as such. It should not be considered a solicitation to buy or an offer to sell a security. It does not

take into account any investor's particular investment objectives, strategies, tax status or investment horizon. You should consult your tax and financial advisor.

All information has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but its accuracy is not guaranteed. There is no representation or warranty as to the current accuracy, reliability or completeness of, nor liability for, decisions based on such information.

The views expressed are the views of Carrie Peluso only through July 30, 2019 and are subject to change based on market and other conditions. This document contains certain statements that may be deemed forward-looking statements. Please note that any such statements are not guarantees of any future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those projected.

Please note that SSGA's role as a fiduciary does not begin until SSGA has been retained to act in a fiduciary capacity pursuant to a written agreement and receipt of a fee. Prior to such time, SSGA is not undertaking to provide impartial investment advice or to give advice in a fiduciary capacity in connection with the sale or distribution of SSGA products or services. SSGA has a financial interest in the sale of our investment products and services.

Investing involves risk including the risk of loss of principal.

The trademarks and service marks referenced herein are the property of their respective owners. Third party data providers make no warranties or representations of any kind relating to the accuracy, completeness or timeliness of the data and have no liability for damages of any kind relating to the use of such data.

The whole or any part of this work may not be reproduced, copied or transmitted or any of its contents disclosed to third parties without SSGA's express written consent

www.ssga.com

State Street Global Advisors ©2019 State Street Corporation. All Rights Reserved. 2661087.1.2.GBL.RTL Exp. Date: 07/31/2020